

	The FPEC has also used the names "Episcopal Apostolic Church of England" and "Ecumenical Church Foundation"	
1689	Non-jurors became independent of the Church of England, maintaining their allegiance to the Royal House of Stuart	
1726	Non-juroring bishop Dr Timothy Newmarsh consecrated	
1804	Non-jurors identified as the Ancient British Church and as the Orthodox British Church, after developing relations with Eastern Orthodox Churches	
1805	Non-jurors ceased when the last of their bishops died without a successor	
1866	The Ancient British Church founded by Charles Isaac Stevens	
1866	Jules (Raymond) Ferrette , cons. on 02 June, with a mission to initiate an indigenous and autonomous Orthodox Church in England as a step towards reunion between western and eastern Christians. Formerly a French Roman Catholic missionary priest	Mutran Boutros (solus), later the SYRIAN ORTHODOX PATRIARCH OF ANTIOCH, IGNATIUS PETER IV , at Homs, Emesa
1866	Francis George Widdows, previously a Roman Catholic Franciscan monk, became a non-conformist minister at the Church of Martin Luther, 26 Speldhurst Road, South Hackney	
1866	Leon Checkemian priested by Leon Chorchorunian (1822–97), the Armenian Catholic archbishop of Malatia, on 27 November. In this capacity, Checkemian served at Besui (1866–8), Aintab (1868), Gurum (1868–77) and then moved to Malatia	
1873	The Nazarene Episcopal Ecclesia founded by James Martin	
1874	Richard Williams Morgan cons. at Marholm, Northamptonshire on 06 March. Morgan was a Church of England cleric and historian	Jules (Raymond) Ferrette
1874	Ancient British Church founded by Richard Williams Morgan (Mar Pelagius I)	
1877	Lee and Seccombe, together with Thomas Mossman were the three founders and leaders of the Order Of Corporate Reunion . The three of them claimed to have been secretly consecrated as bishops, circa 1877. There has been much speculation and conjecture as to who their consecrators were. Owing to the secrecy that long surrounded these consecrations, it may be difficult definitively to establish the facts. However, the website of the Order of Corporate Reunion (currently, as at 2015, led by Peter Paul Brennan) asserts that the consecrators were Dominicus Agostina (cardinal patriarch of Venice), Luigi Nazari di Caliana (archbishop of Milan), Vincentius Moretti (a cardinal), and Ignatios Ghiurekian (a Byzantine archbishop and abbot-general of Ordo Mechitaristarum Venetiarum from the island of St Lazarus near Venice), and that they acted with the authority of Pope Pius IX	
1878	Leon Checkemian cons. / made a vardapet by Armenian Catholic Archbishop Leon Korkorunian, on 23 April, as an assistant bishop for his ethnic group in Malatia (his birthplace), Asia Minor. A vardapet is a highly educated celibate priest, or archimandrite, who is a doctor of theology. A vardapet may hold rank similar to that of a bishop, though without the power to ordain priests. The Armenian Catholic Church is in communion with the Roman Catholic Church	
1879	Charles Isaac Stevens cons. on 06 March	Richard Williams Morgan, Frederick George Lee & John Thomas Seccombe. co-consecrators were bishops in the Order of Corporate Reunion, Lee was descended from Timothy Newmarsh
1879	Reformed Episcopal Church of the UK founded by Charles Isaac Stevens	
1879	The Ancient British Church, as the Non-jurors, opposed Anglo-Catholicism	
1885	Leon Checkemian, through contacts with Anglicans, converted to Reform Protestantism & emigrated to England, thereafter studying at New College Presbyterian seminary	
1888	Nazarene Episcopal Church founded by James Martin and located at Flaxman Road, London SE5	
1888	James Martin cons. on 11 April	Alfred Spencer Richardson of the Reformed Episcopal Church of the UK
1889	The Free Protestant Church of England founded by Leon Checkemian, as a meeting place for all types of Protestant Christians	
1889	United Armenian Catholic Church of the British Isles founded by Leon Checkemian on 15 August, to bring his fellow British Armenian refugees into a non-papal church	
1889	Leon Checkemian preached in Presbyterian churches in Belfast, Ireland	
1890	Nazarene College / seminary founded	
1890	Leon Checkemian cons. on 04 May, to remove any doubts as to his episcopal status	Charles Isaac Stevens & Alfred Spencer Richardson
1890	Leon Checkemian licensed to officiate within the Church of Ireland by William C Plunket, fourth Baron Plunket, Archbishop of Dublin & Primate of the Church of Ireland	
1890	Plunket opposed Anglo-Catholicism, which he viewed as a trojan horse for Papal re-establishment over the Church of England. He supported Reformed Episcopal churches, such as the United Armenian Catholic Church, in spheres of Roman Catholic influence	
1894	Juan Bautista Cabrera cons. for the Spanish Reformed Episcopal Church	William C Plunket
1897	Leon Korkorunian 1822 – 1897	
1897	William C Plunket 1828 – 1897	
1897	<p><i>THE FREE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF ENGLAND</i></p> <p>Founded on 02 November at the Pro-Cathedral of St Stephen's Church, Shrewsbury Road, East Ham, London Leon Checkemian : First Primus (Mar Leon)</p> <p>After Checkemian had moved to London, it was decided evangelical Anglicanism would be enhanced by merging the resources of :</p> <p>The Free Protestant Church : Leon Checkemian The Ancient British Church : Charles Isaac Stevens The Nazarene Episcopal Church : James Martin</p>	

	A union of small British episcopates, established in the 1870s, with a mission to act as a reunion church among the various Protestant bodies, possessing valid Catholic sacraments. The FPEC contained lines from the Armenian Catholic Church, the Syrian Orthodox Church, the Roman Catholic Church, and the Church of England. The FPEC adopted the Reformed Episcopal Church of the UK's 1878 Constitution & Canons	
1897	George Walter Lewis Maeers (b. 1855 in Kent) cons. on 02 November for the Spanish Reformed Episcopal Church	James Martin
1897	Frederick William Boucher cons. on 02 November, possibly for an independent ministry	James Martin
1897	Andrew Charles Albert McLaglen cons. as Bishop of Claremont and to be the FPEC Missionary Bishop for Cape Colony based in Cape Town	Leon Checkemian, Stevens, Martin, Maeers and Boucher
1897	James Martin cons. sub conditione as Archbishop of Caerleon-upon-Usk, immediately after the above consecrations	Leon Checkemian, Stevens, Martin, Maeers and Boucher
1897	St. Stephen's Church, Shrewsbury Road, East Ham, London was an iron building recently built in 1897	
1898	Frederick William Boucher (legally spelled Baucher) was an engineer's foreman in a factory pattern maker's department in Liverpool. His probable employer was the Mersey Iron Foundry of Liverpool, who built the first cast iron church in the world in 1814. Boucher most likely had a hand in the design of St. Stephen's Church and the resulting contact with the bishops of the FPEC led to his consecration. By the time his daughter Bertha married Lance-Sergeant Arthur William Martin of the Second Battalion, Scottish Rifles on 17 March 1914, he apparently had retired from secular employment as Bertha stated on the marriage certificate that her father's occupation was that of "clergyman"	
1899	Richard Williams Morgan 1815 – 1899	
1900	FPEC 2 nd Primus : Charles Isaac Stevens	
1901	Andrew Charles Albert McLaglen and his family were back in England, living in the Limehouse district of London. McLaglen was slightly miffed that his eldest son, Victor, had joined the British army in the Boer War, and after getting the son out of the forces, thought best for his family to move back to England.	
1904	Jules (Raymond) Ferrette 1828 – 1904. He died on 10 October	
1909	Church of Martin Luther affiliated with the FPEC	
1909	St. Stephen's Church, Shrewsbury Road, East Ham, London was sold to a group of Spiritualists	
1909	The Church of Martin Luther, located at 26 Speldhurst Road, South Hackney became the Pro-Cathedral of the FPEC	
1916	Juan Bautista Cabrera 1837 – 1916	
1916	Benjamin Charles Harris cons. on 25 July as FPEC bishop of Essex	James Martin
1916	Ernest Mumby cons. as FPEC Bishop of Caer-Leirion	James Martin
1917	The British Government recognised the FPEC when it exempted from military service the Venerable Ernest Albert Asquith PhD, as a lawfully ordained minister / in Holy Orders of a legally constituted Episcopal Church, under the Military Service Act 1916. The Worshipful Magistrate arrived at this conclusion after investigating the origin of the Orders of the Church and the services used for ordinations and consecrations which were based on the 1662 Book of Common Prayer	
1917	Charles Isaac Stevens 1835 – 1917. He died on 02 February	
1917	FPEC 3 rd Primus : James Martin	
1917	The General Synod of the FPEC as of 21 April 1917 consisted of : James Martin, Ernest Mumby, Benjamin Charles Harris, William Hall, Surridge, E.P. Woodcock & Ernest A. Asquith	
1917	FPEC possessed its own Canons Ecclesiastical. Legislative and administrative authority of the Church was vested in the General Synod, composed of Bishops and Clergy, together with not more than two lay representatives (Synodsmen) from each organised congregation. This Synod met quarterly, and for the due transaction of its business appointed annually a Treasurer, Registrar, such other officers or sub-committees as it deemed necessary. It also had the power to add to the General Standing Committee	
1919	James Martin 1843 – 1919. He died on 20 October	
1919	FPEC 4 th Primus : Andrew Charles Albert McLaglen	
1919	The mission church of St. Andrew's at Retreat Place, Hackney served as the Pro-Cathedral until 1936 when it was demolished as part of a city redevelopment project	
1920	LEON CHECKEMIAN 1848 - 1920. He died on 03 December	
1922	Francis George Widdows cons. on 04 June at St. Andrew's Church, Retreat Place, London as Bishop of Hackney (Ignatius)	Andrew Charles Albert McLaglen
1922	Herbert James Monzani Heard cons. on 04 June at St. Andrew's Church, Retreat Place, London. He was headmaster of Raleigh College	Andrew Charles Albert McLaglen
1922	"The Church Times", of 28th April, devotes practically a whole page to an article, "A Chapter of Secret History". It gives a somewhat detailed account of the background of the Order of Corporate Reunion and the bishops consecrated for that organisation, which was in the episcopal lineage of Charles Isaac Stevens and the passing on of that succession to the FPEC. The Author of this article adds the following: "It is interesting, and may be of future importance to note that the orders possessed by these Protestant bodies conferred through Checkemian, MacLaglen (sic) and their co-adjutors are free from the objections alleged against Anglican Orders by the Roman Catholic Controversialists".	
1922	Five northern diocese churches of the Reformed Episcopal Church of England, along with several independent Anglican congregations, formed the Evangelical Church of England with John Pownall and Charles Edmund Wincott as it's first bishops	

1927	Benjamin Charles Harris was pastor for Romford Evangelical Free Church in Romford, Essex	
1928	Frederick William Boucher 1855 – 1928. He was born in St. Helens, Lancashire and died at Ormskirk, Lancashire	
1928	Andrew Charles Albert McLaglen 1851 – 1928	
1928	FPEC 5 th Primus : Herbert James Monzani Heard	
1929	Benjamin Charles Harris, moved to Hertfordshire when he became minister for New Barnet Baptist Church	
1930	Herbert James Monzani Heard consecrated bishops for other independent church groups	
1930	Victor Alexander Palmer Hayman cons. on 20 April for own jurisdiction	Herbert James Monzani Heard
1930	William Newton cons. For the Evangelical Church of England by presbyters	
1936	Francis George Widdows 1850 – 1936. He ministered for many years to his extremely loyal congregation. He was a known homosexual, in an age when it was illegal in the UK to be so, and imprisoned several times on moral charges. Herbert James Monzani Heard subsequently had any mention of Widdows stricken from the official records	
1936	Stonebridge Road Methodist Church in South Tottenham was acquired by the Rev'd Hall for the FPEC. This red brick chapel was built in 1882 and was re-dedicated as St. Andrew's Church. In 1954 it was registered as St Andrew's Collegiate Church. It served as the Pro-Cathedral until 1967 when it was sold to the Church of God congregation and later became part of a housing development	
1936	Charles Leslie Saul & Gordon Pinder presbyterially cons. by Newton	
1937	Between 1937 - 1941, using the pseudonym "Crusader", Boltwood published six "spirit revealed" books supposedly by the Victorian social reformer Charles Kingsley. These books were printed at a small press in the town of Thorpe-le-Soken, Essex, which was probably also the residence of the Boltwoods during those years	
1938	Frederick Charles Aloysius Harrington cons. on 13 June for his own jurisdiction	Herbert James Monzani Heard
1938	Herbert James Monzani Heard disliked the name FPEC and introduced "The Episcopal Apostolic Church of England" as an alternative title for the jurisdiction	
1939	William Hall cons. on 18 May in St. Andrew's Church, Stonebridge Road, Tottenham, London, N.15	Herbert James Monzani Heard
1939	FPEC 6 th Primus : William Hall	
1939	Ernest Mumby died on 12 September in Blackpool, Lancashire at the age of 53. He had worked in the hotel industry for many years and appears not to have exercised much of a ministry	
1940	James Dominic Mary O'Gavigan cons. on 20 May for own jurisdiction	Herbert James Monzani Heard
1942	Ernest Albert Asquith 1884 - 1942 One time resident at 26 Speldhurst Road, South Hackney, London and Archdeacon of the FPEC	
1942	Boltwood founded the College of Spiritual Science, a correspondence school with courses for the training of "Spiritual Healers, Psychotherapists, and Thalamopathists"	
1943	William Bernard Crow cons. on 13 June for own jurisdiction	Herbert James Monzani Heard
1944	Hugh George de Willmott Newman cons. on 10 April	William Bernard Crow
1944	Hugh George de Willmott Newman granted primacy of the United Armenian Catholic Church, on 30 September, by Herbert James Monzani Heard	
1944	Gordon Pinder cons. on 17 September for the Evangelical Church of England	Benjamin Charles Harris & Hugh George de Willmott Newman
1944	Charles Leslie Saul cons. on 17 September for the Evangelical Church of England	Benjamin Charles Harris & Hugh George de Willmott Newman
1944	Joseph K C Pillai cons. on 17 September for the Evangelical Church of England	Benjamin Charles Harris & Hugh George de Willmott Newman
1944	Charles Leslie Saul cons. on 17 September	Benjamin Charles Harris
1944	Gordon Pinder cons. on 17 September	Benjamin Charles Harris
1944	Joseph K C Pillai cons. on 17 September	Benjamin Charles Harris
1945	Hugh George de Willmott Newman granted primacy of the Ancient British Church, on 29 January by Herbert James Monzani Heard, and then merged it into his Catholicate of the West jurisdiction	
1945	Joseph K C Pillai, ECC bishop for India	
1945	The Evangelical Church of England Primus : Gordon Pinder	
1945	English Episcopal Church Primus : Charles Leslie Saul (separated from The Evangelical Church of England)	
1946	Charles Dennis Boltwood cons. for the Catholicate of the West, sometime between 1946-9	Hugh George De Willmott Newman
1946	Benjamin Charles Harris 1884 – 1946. He was born in Essex and died in Abbots Langley, Herts. Throughout his ministerial career he served as a minister for various non-conformist churches and was, for a long time, nonconformist chaplain at a mental hospital in Abbots Langley	
1947	Herbert James Monzani Heard 1866 – 1947	
1949	Rev'd Frederick C King (1917-85) and his wife the Rev'd Karla King (deaconess) (1920-99) incorporated in California, on 15 July, The Anglican Apostolic Church Of England as a USA affiliate to the EAC/FPEC with its headquarters in Sunland, California	
1949	The FPEC had almost ceased to function	
1949	William Hall invited Charles Dennis Boltwood to join the FPEC while maintaining his connection to de Wilmot Newman's organisation, but re-consecrated him in 1952 rather than accept him as a bishop in the eyes of the FPEC	
1950	Charles Dennis Boltwood cons. on 25 December, in Canada	Earl Anglin Lawrence James of the Old Roman Catholic Church
1950	Gordon Pinder died	
1950	Grant Timothy Billet cons. on 25 December	Charles Dennis Boltwood

1951	Charles Dennis Boltwood joined the FPEC and ordained, sub condicione on 3 May, a presbyter by William Hall	
1952	William Hall continued the practice of consecrating bishops who did not serve in the FPEC	
1952	John Leslie Baines cons.	William Hall
1952	John Leslie Baines (b.1883), a non-parochial priest in the Church of England	
1952	Charles Dennis Boltwood cons. on 06 April for FPEC	William Hall
1952	Charles Dennis Boltwood cons. on 13 April (2 nd time)	Hugh George De Willmott Newman
1953	Ronald Powell (Richard, Duc de Palatine) cons. on 25 October	Herbert James Monzani Heard
1953	Ronald Powell incorporated the Nazarene College as part of his newly established Pre-Nicene Catholic Church	
1954	William Hall appointed Charles Dennis Boltwood his successor as primus on 25 March prior to undergoing an operation for colon cancer. Boltwood became the Principal of Nazarene College, continuing to train by post, people around the world in Philosophy and Theology	
1955	Nazarene College was merged with St. Andrew's Correspondence College (Tottenham) Ltd. when that organisation was incorporated on 5 July	
1956	Charles Dennis Boltwood cons. on 06 July (3 rd time)	Hugh George De Willmott Newman
1956	Nestor Joseph Emile Antoine Frippiat cons. on 02 Sept	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1956	Walter Joseph Hendrik Van Den Berghe cons. on 02 Sept	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1957	Emmet Neil Enoch cons. in California as Archbishop of the FPEC in the USA	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1957	Emmet Neil Enoch cons. on 02 June (1st cons)	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1957	James Burrows Noble cons. on 04 Sept	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1958	Charles Dennis Boltwood cons. on 19 September	Konstantin Jaroshevich of the Holy Orthodox Church of Christ
1958	Charles Dennis Boltwood consecrated bishops for West Africa and Canada	
1958	Emmet Neil Enoch cons. on 31 Aug (2nd cons)	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1958	Reginald Benjamin Millard cons. on 15 Apr	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1958	Emmanuel Samuel Yekorogha cons. on 06 June	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1958	Benjamin Charles Eckhardt cons. on 16 Aug	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1958	Charles Kennedy Samuel Moffatt cons. on 24 Aug	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1959	FPEC 7 th Primus : Charles Dennis Boltwood (previously elected in 1954)	
1959	William Hall 1890 – 1959. He was one time chaplain at Abney Park Cemetery, Stoke Newington, Stamford Hill	
1959	Terence Hope Davenport cons. Born in 1900, he was a non-parochial priest in the Church of England	William Hall
1959	Baines & Davenport did not establish their own denominations because for the rest of their lives they remained ministers in good standing within the Church of England. It appears they just wanted to quietly hold independent episcopal rank without functioning as a bishop - a not uncommon practice amongst ordinary Anglican clergy.	
1959	John Marion Stanley cons. on 03 May, in London	Boltwood, James B Noble and Reginald Benjamin Millard
1959	James Ormerod cons. on 24 July as Primus of the continuing ECoFE	William Hall
1959	John Marion Stanley cons. on 03 May	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1960	Charles Dennis Boltwood resigned from the Catholicate of the West in favour of his FPEC work. Unfortunately Boltwood allowed his bishops and clergy such a free hand in their ministries that the original purpose of the FPEC was forgotten about and most of them viewed the FPEC as a 'starter church' and quickly founded/joined other Anglican/Independent Catholic or Orthodox jurisdictions. (continuing practice of theosophy, in addition to presenting himself as an old fashion evangelical Anglican, did not help matters also)	
1960	Eric Daenecke cons. on 12 December	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1961	Dr Francis Thomas cons. in London	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1961	John Trollnas cons. early in the year	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1961	Francis Thomas cons. on 04 July	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1962	William Charles Cato-Symonds cons. on 15 Apr	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1963	F C King cons. as FPEC Archbishop of the USA	Emmet Neil Enoch
1963	Frederick Charles King cons. on 19 May, on the authority of Boltwood	Emmet Neil Enoch
1964	Harry Kenneth Means and his wife Rita travelled to Europe on church business and to research on church history in the British Museum Reading Rooms and at the Ashmolean in Oxford, between March and October	
1964	Harry Kenneth Means cons. on 16 August at St. Andrew's Collegiate Church, London	Charles Dennis Boltwood, Francis Thomas, and Albert Dunstan Bell (Old Catholic) of the USA
1964	Harry Kenneth Means, via friends in the North American College at Rome and by virtue of his FPEC episcopal standing, was granted open access to the Vatican Library	
1964	POPE PAUL VI blessed Harry Kenneth Means' Episcopal ring and Pectoral Cross during a Papal Audience, Means attended, held at 5pm on 14 October in St. Peter's, Rome	
1964	Harry Kenneth Means was given VIP seating at St. Peter's when he was present for the Canonization Service of the Ugandan Martyrs on 18 October. This service featured the use of the Coptic liturgy and the release of white doves	
1964	Donald Jay Foard cons. on the authority of Boltwood	Emmet Neil Enoch
1964	Samuel Richard Acquah cons. on 19 July on the authority of Boltwood	Emmanuel Samuel Yekorogha

1966	Albert John Fuge cons. as the new bishop of the FPEC in New York State	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1966	The final graduation dinner for St. Andrew's Correspondence College was held at the Bonnington Hotel, London, when the College was closed down and its records lodged at Somerset House in anticipation of the sale of the pro-cathedral, in the following year, on 27 August	
1966	James Everard Thornhill cons. on 24 Apr	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1966	Arthur Olawale Nelson-Cole cons. on 29 May	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1966	Albert John Fuge cons. on 16 Oct	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1968	Joseph K C Pillai : first bishop of the American Episcopal Church now known as the Anglican Province of America	
1968	Albert John Fuge became Archbishop of New York and Metropolitan of the USA on 8 September, replacing Dr Enochs. Dr Enochs had become an Old Roman Catholic bishop	
1968	Albert John Fuge was based at the Boltwood Chapel, 177 West Broadway, New York City	
1968	Edwin Duane Follick cons. in London on 28 August	Charles Dennis Boltwood (sola)
1968	E J Evans cons. during the summer	Charles Dennis Boltwood (sola)
1968	William Carson Thompson cons. between September 1968 & June 1971, on the authority of Boltwood	Albert John Fuge
1970	Joseph K C Pillai 1901 – 1970	
1970	Ernest Percival Parris cons. in the spring, on the authority of Boltwood	Albert John Fuge (sola)
1970	The Free Protestant Episcopal Christian Church, Inc. was incorporated in New Jersey with Willard D Mayo of East Orange, NJ as its Primus on 02 March	
1970	Willard D Mayo may have been cons. in January	Eric Daenecke
1971	Robert Randolph Rivette cons. on 19 October in the Boltwood Chapel	Albert John Fuge
1971	Gordon Albert Da Costa cons. on 18 June	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1971	William Elliot Littlewood cons. on 19 June	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1971	Russell Grant Fry, Jr cons. on 19 June	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1971	Horst Karl Frederick Block cons. on 09 Aug (1 st cons)	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1971	Robert Randolph Rivette cons. on 19 Oct	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1972	Horst Karl Frederick Block cons. 26 March (2 nd cons)	Charles Dennis Boltwood
1972	John Lawrence Brown cons. on 21 May, on the authority of Boltwood	Albert John Fuge
1972	FPEC's Diocese of Texas was incorporated in the State of Texas on 25 April by Robert Randolph Rivette, the only example of the official FPEC ever being incorporated in the USA. This charter is in good standing	
1974	The Boltwood Chapel was consecrated on 27 October by Dr Fuge, Dr Boltwood, Benjamin C Eckardt, William C Thompson, and Ernest P Parris	
1974	The Convocation of the FPEC passed a new Constitution and adopted policies for greater co-ordination between the work of the USA and Canada	
1978	FPEC 8 th Primus : Albert John Fuge - nominated, with Deed of Succession, by Charles Dennis Boltwood at the Park Road Methodist Church, New York City on 17 October and witnessed by Dr Ernest P. Parris (assistant FPEC bishop of New York) and Dr Samuel Lewis (chaplain to Dr Fuge)	
1978	Horst K F Block, missionary FPEC bishop for Germany & France, and Emmanuel Samuel Yekorogha (d. 1983) FPEC archbishop of West Africa, disagreed with the Primatial succession	
1978	Dr Block became International Primus of a schismatic FPEC (TIFPEC)	
1982	Albert John Fuge 1911 – 1982. He died on 30 April and had been a Lutheran pastor, of New York City	
1982	Robert Randolph Rivette, FPEC bishop for Texas, succeeded Albert John Fuge as FPEC Archbishop of the USA	
1982	FPEC 9 th Primus : Charles Kennedy Stewart Moffatt of Canada on 07 July, nominated by Dr Boltwood	
1982	Dr Boltwood directed Dr Francis Thomas to wind down FPEC operations in the UK, sending it's original church records to Dr Moffatt in Canada	
1982	Robert George Montanus cons. on 15 December	John M Stanley
1985	Charles Dennis Boltwood 1889 - 1985. He was born in Essex and died on 03 July. A noted spiritualist in the 1930s & 40s	
1988	James Nicholas Meola cons. on 13 March	John Allen Rifenburg and Robert Randolph Rivette Troy Arnold Kaichen of Virginia is listed in some histories as one of Meola's consecrators but he only gave his consent to the consecration and was not present at it
1989	Charles Kennedy Stewart Moffatt 1907 – 1989. He died without designating a successor as Primus	
1991	Charles Leslie Saul 1947 – 1991. He died on 07 June and was the last Primus of the Protestant Episcopal Reformed Church	
1991	Melvin Frederick Larson (b. 1920) of Lynnwood, WA, as FPEC Archbishop of the Pacific NW on 19 April. Larson had earlier been ordained deacon and priest by Walter Hollis Adams (1907-91) of the Anglican Episcopal Church of North America, before joining the FPEC	Robert Randolph Rivette
1993	Matthew John Carles Tuz cons. on 03 July. (b. 1951, London, ON)	Robert Randolph Rivette
1994	FPEC 10 th Primus : Edwin Duane Follick. On 07 November he was accorded the Primacy from 1989, as he had been the most senior FPEC cleric since July 1958	
1994	Eric Daenecke 1914 – 1994. He was the FPEC bishop of New York from 1960-6 and in 1969 was resident in New Jersey	
1997	The Protestant Episcopal Reformed Church, previously the Evangelical Church of England, was formally dissolved on 23 August	

1997	The FPEC bishops in the USA were : Melvin Frederick Larson Dr John Marion Stanley (b. 1923) of Port Orchard, WA Dr Harry Kenneth Means (b. 1919) of Port Charlotte, FL, Dr Edwin Duane Follick (b. 1935) of Woodland Hills, CA Dr James Nicholas Meola (b. 1938) of Tom's River, NJ Dr Ernest Percival Parris (b. 1920) of Saint Albans, NY	
1997	Willard D Mayo died. There are no records of the Free Protestant Episcopal Christian Church, Inc. after this date	
1999	Preston Bradley Carey cons. on 01 Aug	Robert George Montanus
2001	Block's Church became known as the International Free Protestant Episcopal Church on 07 October	
2001	Aaron Robin Orr (1940-2010) of Hamilton, ON, TIFPEC Bishop for Canada on 27 July	
2001	Aaron Robin Orr cons. on 19 August	Horst K F Block
2003	Rev'd Cecil G Cobran , BTh., of London, England 1915 – 2003. He died on 08 March and was one of the last of the (old) FPEC English ministers	
2004	Robert Randolph Rivette 1916 – 2004. He died on 25 April and had been a lawyer and an USAF officer. He suffered with Alzheimer's Disease since 1997	
2004	Harry Kenneth Means 1919 – 2004. He was born on 27 November and died on 19 April He had been a Universalist minister who was the leader of a group of 14 parishes in the Christian Universalist Church of America	
2004	Joseph Spyridon Christopher Chaskos cons. on 15 November	Horst K F Block
2005	Muhammad Wolfgang Schmidt cons. on 20 March	Horst K F Block
2005	Peter Leers cons. on 26 November at Leers home chapel in Dusseldorf as Bishop for Germany	Horst K F Block, Muhammad Wolfgang Schmidt
2006	The following Bishops left Block's jurisdiction : Aaron Robin Orr Preston Bradley Carey Joseph Spyridon Christopher Chaskos Muhammad Wolfgang Schmidt These formed the Christian Missionary Anglican Communion in January	
2007	Francesco Reale cons. on 10 August as Bishop of Spain. He had been a Lutheran pastor	Horst K F Block, Peter Leers
2008	Horst K F Block 1936 – 2008. He died on 12 February	
2008	Ernest Percival Parris died on 24 September	
2008	Peter Leers succeeded Block as Primus of TIFPEC	
2011	Peter Leers dissolved TIFPEC, ending the schism	
2012	The FPEC General Synod in Bolivia issued a mission statement : "No matter who you are or where you are on your spiritual journey you are welcome to our table. The Gifts of God are free!"	
2012	The FPEC now also known as: The Episcopal Free Church Of The Anglican Free Communion	
2012	During Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee the Church became established in England. In the year of Queen Elizabeth's Diamond Jubilee the FPEC returned home, 30 years after operations in England ended, with the creation of the Province of the UK headed by Dr Palmer	
2015	AFC 11 th Primus : Richard Arthur Palmer , on 05 February	
2016	Pre-Nicene Catholic Church founded by George William Boyer of London	
2016	The Ancient British Church continues today in several bodies, including the British Orthodox Church (a canonical local church within the Coptic Orthodox Church of Alexandria since 1994), and the Celtic Orthodox Church (now united with the French Orthodox Church and the Orthodox Church of the Gauls, forming the Communion of Western Orthodox Churches (CWOC))	
2016	Wikipedia : There are many hundreds, perhaps thousands, of bishops deriving lines of succession through Leon Checkemian	
2020	The FPEC now also known as : THE EPISCOPAL FREE CHURCH OF THE EPISCOPAL FREE COMMUNION	